The Effects of Artificial Lighting



Teal Kawana, Oceanfront Lighting and Marine Turtle Code Enforcement Officer

Overview

- Background on Sea Turtles
- Nesting/Hatching
- Threats to Sea Turtles
- Light Pollution and its Effects on Sea Turtles
- The Village of Key Biscayne Lighting Ordinance
- Non-Friendly vs Friendly Lighting
- Safe Coastal Lighting Techniques
- Ongoing outreach / more information

Background

- 7 species of sea turtles, 5 reside in Florida's waters, 3 nesting
- Date back to over 100 million years
- Air-breathing, marine reptiles
- Grow slowly and have a life-span of many decades
- Protected by the Endangered Species
 Act





Loggerhead-Caretta caretta



South Florida's Nesting Sea Turtles



Leatherback-Dermochelys coriacea

Green-Chelonia mydas

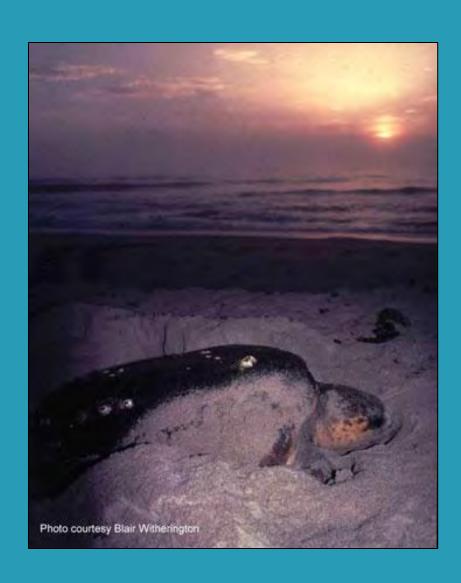
Protection of Sea Turtles

- In the US and its territories: the Endangered Species Act of 1973 prohibits all killing, harming, and harassment of sea turtles
- In Florida: Protected by Florida Marine Turtle Protection Act, Chapter 370.12, FL Statutes
- In Key Biscayne: (Ord. No. 2009-6, §2, 5-12-09), Lighting Regulations for Marine

Turtle Protection

Sea Turtle Nesting

- Nesting season: April Sept.
- Hatching season: June Oct.
- Nocturnal
- Deposits her leathery, "pingpong-like" eggs
- 2 7 nests per season depending on species
- Higher nesting on new and full moons due to tide cycles



Sea Turtle Hatching

- Eggs incubate for ~ 45 to 55 days before hatching
- Gender is determined by temperature
- Emergence is a group effort
- Hatchlings wait for temperature to drop (night time) to emerge
- Head towards the sea to swim non-stop for 24-36 hours to their "nursery" locations





Hatching



Why is Sea Turtle Conservation Important?

All species of sea turtles are either threatened, endangered or critically endangered.

There is potential for some species of sea turtles to go extinct in our lifetime because of the many threats they face

Sea Turtles serve vital roles in the ecosystems they inhabit

Threats to Sea Turtles



Predation
Pollution
Chemicals – Oil spills
Fibropapilloma virus

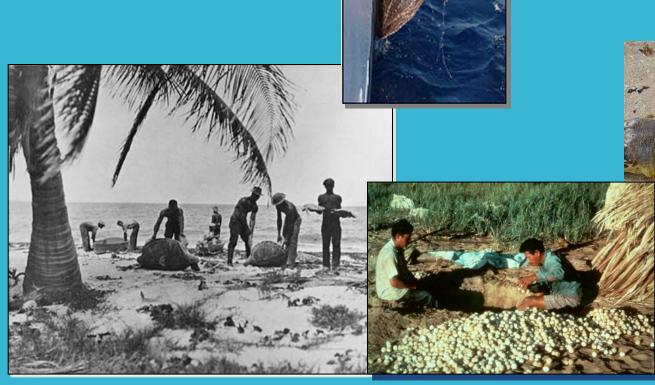


Threats to Sea Turtles



-Solution, TEDs

Poaching
Boat traffic



Threats to Sea Turtles



Coastal Development

Beach Erosion

Beach Furniture

Coastal Lighting

- Light Pollution







What is Light Pollution?

 The introduction of excessive or obtrusive artificially produced light into the environment



Coastal Light Pollution

- Florida's beach environment has dramatically changed in last few decades
 - Development, construction, increases in population (residents and visitors)
- Effects Sea Turtle populations
 - Nesting site selection by adults
 - Movement off the beach by hatchlings



Key Biscayne, then and now!



90% of sea turtles in the US nest in FL and majority of FL's population resides on the coasts

Problems with Coastal Lighting for Sea Turtles

Nesting Females

- Deters them from coming ashore
- May return to ocean without laying eggs
- Lay eggs in unsuitable location after several attempts
- May spend extra energy walking on beach before or after laying eggs, unable to find the ocean
- Higher nesting on darker beaches





Problems with Coastal Lighting for Sea Turtles

Hatchlings

- Instinct: to go to the brightest horizon which should be the reflection of the night sky on the ocean
- Artificial lighting disorients hatchlings
- In most coastal areas sky over the dunes is lit up by artificial lights
- Hatchlings crawl away from ocean: more susceptible to death by dehydration, predators, exhaustion and the street







Only 1 Out Of 1000 hatchlings that make it to NSE 2 Weavage and Regught to survive to adulthood!

STHE KEY TO





The Good News



- Light pollution on beaches is easy to fix!
- A small effort on our part could aid in the survival of thousands of sea turtles
 - There are plenty of solutions to change our lighting so that it's "sea turtle friendly"



The Goal

• Aid condominiums and hotels in The Village of Key Biscayne to modify or remove lights disorienting sea turtles and incorporate sea turtle friendly fixtures and bulbs in an effort to decrease disorientations and improve nesting habitat degraded by light pollution

Development of a Lighting Ordinance

- Village required by Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) & Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to adopt a lighting ordinance
 - Key Biscayne (Ord. No. 2009-6, §2, 5-12-09)
 Lighting Regulations for Marine Turtle
 Protection



Key Biscayne Ordinance

(Ord. No. 2009-6, §2, 5-12-09)

Standards for Existing Lighting

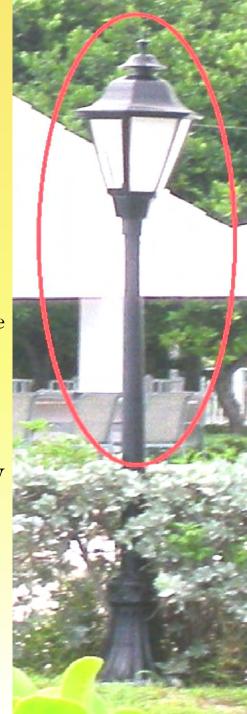
- reposition fixtures so the light is no longer visible on/from the beach
- replace fixtures having an exposed light source (i.e. globe lights, spotlights, pole lights, etc.)
 - Use ones containing recessed light sources or shields
- replace traditional light bulbs
 - not exceeding 50 watts, red or amber approved bulbs, red or amber LED
- replace non-directional fixtures
 - Use ones pointing down and away from the beach

Key Biscayne Ordinance

(Ord. No. 2009-6, §2, 5-12-09)

Standards for Existing Lighting

- replace fixtures having transparent/translucent coverings
 - Use ones with opaque shields covering at least 180 degrees and extending an appropriate distance below the bottom edge of the fixture on the seaward side
- replace pole lamps
 - Use low-profile, low-level luminaires
- replace incandescent, fluorescent and high intensity lighting
 - Use low watt, low pressure sodium vapor lighting
- plant or improve vegetation buffers
- construct a ground level barrier shield
 - Cannot interfere with the dune system or turtle nesting



Key Biscayne Ordinance

(Ord. No. 2009-6, §2, 5-12-09)

- Lighting Standards for New Development
 - Follow same standards as existing lighting
 - Required to comply with ordinance when making building plans
 - Marine Turtle Lighting Review required by VKB





Lighting Inspections

- Compliance within 48 months of the adoption of the ordinance (~April 2013)
- Lighting Inspections
 - Preliminary Daytime and Nighttime Inspections
 - Looking for any lighting directed towards the beach or illuminating the beach (direct and indirect light) that can affect a sea turtle
 - Notifying properties of lighting violations
 - Working with management to gain compliance
- Continuing Inspections throughout nesting season

Unsafe lighting

- Globe/Acorn lights
- Carriage lights
- Spotlights, floodlights
- Ceiling fixtures with refracting globes or convex lenses
- Decorative landscape lighting
- Unshielded wall sconces
- Fluorescent Tube lighting for garages



Non-friendly vs Friendly Wall Mount Lighting



Non-friendly vs Friendly Ceiling Fixtures





Non-friendly vs Friendly Yard Lighting

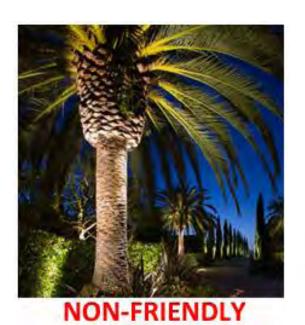


NON-FRIENDLY

NON-FRIENDLY



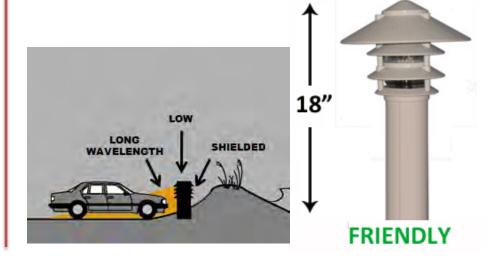
Non-friendly vs Friendly Landscape and Pathway Lighting











Sea Turtle Safe Lighting





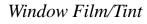
Recessed and wall mounted step lights





Red and Amber LED bulbs



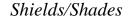
















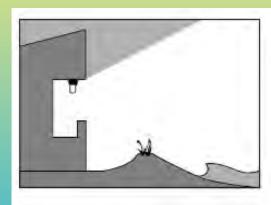
Minimize Outdoor Lighting

- Turn lighting off
- Reduce wattage of problem lighting, use Amber or Red LED
- Use directional luminaires.
 Do not direct lighting onto beach
- Replace bright pathway lighting with sunken strip lights or low 18-in shielded, louvered fixtures
- Shield lighting sources from the beach
 - Opaque, large shields

- Recess luminaires into roof soffits
- Use low mounted fixtures with louvers or bollards as a substitute for tall pole mounted fixtures
- Reposition lights so natural shields (vegetation, buildings) block light
- Install motion detectors on lights used for security or safety

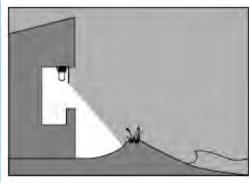
Minimize Indoor Lighting Sources

- Turn lighting off when not in use
- Relocate moveable lamps away from windows
- Tint (45% or less) or apply window treatments
- Close opaque curtains and blinds
- Change/Redirect balcony lighting



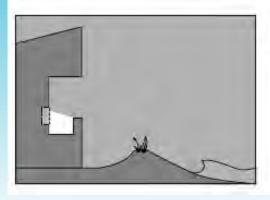
POOR

Poorly directed balcony lighting can cause problems on sea turtle nesting beaches.



BETTE

Completely shielding fixtures with a sheet of metal flashing can reduce stray light reaching the beach.



BEST

Louvered step lighting is one of the best ways to light balconies that are visible from nesting beaches.

Benefits of Sea Turtle Safe Lighting

- Helping sea turtles survive!
- Significant reductions in disorientations on beaches with new sea turtle safe lighting
- Decrease in monthly electric bills with Amber LED's
 - (70% more efficient than incandescent bulbs)
- Modernized aesthetically pleasing fixtures
- More pleasing glow to landscape, (candlelight) with less glare



Successful Solutions in Florida...









Effective Sea Turtle Lighting leaves them in the dark.... Not You!

Before/After Martinique Condominium, Holmes Beach, FL Manatee County





Before/After Boca Mar Condominium, Boca Raton, FL Palm Beach County





Before/After Gulf Shores, Holmes Beach, FL Manatee County











Ongoing Village Outreach

- Compliance!
- **Oceanfront Buildings** Manager Contact and Education
 - Liaison between condos/hotels and lighting manufacturers
- **Resident Education**
 - Handouts, letters, brochures, postcards
 - Islander News
 - Presentations
- **Outreach Program**
 - Community Organizations
 - Schools



ern University; she also was re-

cently told by a leading sea turtle

expert that her last name is the

She came to Key Biscayne last

Caribe word for loggerhead turtles.

October to spearhead enforcement

of the Village's Oceanfront and Ma-

Therefore, along with reaching

out to residents, Kawana has been

working with oceanfront condo-

minium managers to ensure compli-

keeping artificial light from illumi-

nating any area within direct line of

sight of the beach - by next May's

ance with the ordinance - aimed at

rine Turtle Lighting Ordinance.

she's starting to also focus on bal-

cony lighting, which is more chal-

lenging because success requires

cooperation from thousands of indi-

Kawana hopes by hosting next

week's presentation and other out-

reach events, as well as working

with the local media and asking

condo managers to provide resi-

dents with an informational letter on

sea turtles, she can let people know

Fortunately, she said, the steps

residents can take to help are fairly

simple. Along with turning off lights

or pulling the shades after 9 p.m.,

See TURTLES p.4A

vidual unit owners.

about the rules.

Oceanfront Lighting and Ma-

rine Turtle Code Enforce-ment Officer, will be in the

Her May 2 presentation will focus

not only on how residents can help

is May 1 through October 30; the

area that includes Crandon Park,

Village beaches and Bill Baggs

Cape Florida State Park sees on av-

erage 135 nests a year. Kawana, the Village's Oceanfront

Lighting and Marine Turtle Code

Enforcement Officer, will be in the

Village Council Chambers Wednes-

day, May 2, at 3 p.m. for the Ocean-

front Lighting and Marine Turtle

Public Outreach Program. She'll

discuss the effects of artificial light-

ing on nesting female turtles and

their hatchlings, and advise resi-

dents how to help protect the crea-

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT SEA TURTLES AND LIGHTING...

Websites:

www.seaturtlelighting.net
www.myfwc.com
www.starrynightlights.com
www.darksky.org
www.seaturtlestatus.org
www.seaturtlestatus.org
www.conserveturtles.org
www.seaturtle.org
www.nmfs.gov
www.savetheseaturtle.org

Places to visit:

Crandon Park Nature Center
The Miami Seaquarium
The Turtle Hospital, Marathon Key
Gumbo Limbo Nature Center, Boca Raton
Marine Life Center, Juno Beach
Sea World, Orlando
Mote Marine Lab, Sarasota

Photo William Buck

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- Village of Key Biscayne
- Sea Turtle Conservancy, Karen Shudes
 - Crandon Park Nature Center
- Bill Ahern, Miami-Dade County permit holder
 - Eco-adventures
 - seaturtle.org
 - US Fish and Wildlife
- Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, Karen Schanzle
 - Broward County Sea Turtle Conservation Program
 - conserveturtles.org
 - Coastal Systems
 - NMFS
 - Greenearthlighting.com
 - Electro Elf
 - Bulbtronics, Miami
 - Sesco turtle lighting
 - RAB lighting
 - Seaturtlestatus.org



